

2021

The effect of coastal landform development on decadal- to millennial-scale longshore sediment fluxes: Evidence from the Holocene evolution of the central mid-Atlantic coast, USA - Sediment Core and Chronology Data

Justin L. Shawler

Virginia Institute of Marine Science, justinshawler@gmail.com

Christopher J. Hein

Virginia Institute of Marine Science, hein@vims.edu

Chloe Obara

Department of Geology, William & Mary

Mahina Robbins

Department of Geology, William & Mary

Jennifer E. Connell

Virginia Institute of Marine Science

Follow this and additional works at: <https://scholarworks.wm.edu/data>



Part of the [Digital Commons](#) and the [Sedimentology Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

Shawler, Justin L.; Hein, Christopher J.; Obara, Chloe; Robbins, Mahina; Connell, Jennifer E.; Huot, Sebastien; and Fenster, Michael, "The effect of coastal landform development on decadal- to millennial-scale longshore sediment fluxes: Evidence from the Holocene evolution of the central mid-Atlantic coast, USA - Sediment Core and Chronology Data" (2021). Data. William & Mary. <https://doi.org/10.25773/53bv-4p15>

This Data is brought to you for free and open access by the Virginia Institute of Marine Science at W&M ScholarWorks. It has been accepted for inclusion in Data by an authorized administrator of W&M ScholarWorks. For more information, please contact scholarworks@wm.edu.

Authors

Justin L. Shawler, Christopher J. Hein, Chloe Obara, Mahina Robbins, Jennifer E. Connell, Sebastien Huot, and Michael Fenster

The effect of coastal landform development on decadal- to millennial-scale longshore sediment fluxes: Evidence from the Holocene evolution of the central mid-Atlantic coast, USA - Sediment Core and Chronology Data

Justin L. Shawler, Virginia Institute of Marine Science, William & Mary

Christopher J. Hein, Virginia Institute of Marine Science, William & Mary

Chloe Obara, Department of Geology, William & Mary

Mahina Robbins, Department of Geology, William & Mary

Jennifer E. Connell, Virginia Institute of Marine Science, William & Mary

Sebastien Huot, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Michael Fenster, Randolph-Macon College

Document Type

Data

Department/Program

Virginia Institute of Marine Science, Physical Sciences, Coastal Geology Laboratory

Publication Date

6-30-2021

Description

These data are sediment core, radiocarbon, and optically stimulated luminescence (OSL) data from the barrier islands and backbarrier lagoons, bays, and marshes of Assateague Island (VA, USA), Chincoteague Island (VA, USA), and Wallops Island (VA, USA). Vibracore data from Tom's Cove, a backbarrier bay, were collected using a vibracore system with the ability to core through a 'moonhole' on a flat bottom boat. Geoprobe cores were collected using a track-mounted 66DT Geoprobe direct-push drill rig. Select samples from the sediment cores (associated with figures and tables in Shawler et al., 2021) were analyzed using a Beckman-Coulter Laser Diffraction Particle Size Analyzer (LS 13 320 Aqueous Liquid Module) with an applied calculation model that uses Fraunhofer theory. Data are available as Microsoft Excel Workbooks and can be opened using Excel or numerous free and open sources products such as Google Sheets. Each sediment core data spreadsheet contains a "READ ME" tab with additional detail.

The full OSL report from co-author Sebastien Huot is also included and can be accessed with a PDF reader.

Files | Description

- **AssateagueIsland_LighthouseandFishingPoint_Geoprobe_CoreLogs_Shawleretal2021_QSR_07 March2021:** Qualitative sediment core descriptions from Assateague Island direct-push cores
- **ChincoteagueIsland_Geoprobe_Corelogs_Shawleretal2021_QSR_20June2021:** Qualitative sediment core descriptions from Chincoteague Island direct-push cores
- **WallopsIsland_Geoprobe_Corelogs_Shawleretal2021_QSR_20June2021:** Qualitative sediment core descriptions from Wallops Island direct-push cores
- **Tom's Cove_AssateagueIsland_Vibracore_Shawleretal2021_QSR_20June2021:** Qualitative sediment core descriptions from Tom's Cove (southern Assateague Island backbarrier) vibracore
- **Assateague_Chincoteague_Wallops_Facies_GrainSizeAnalysis_Shawleretal2021_QSR_20June2021:** LDPSA grain size distribution data
- **RadiocarbonDates_Shawleretal2021_QSR_18Dec2020:** Editable radiocarbon dates table
- **OSLDates_Shawleretal2021_QSR_20June2021:** Editable optically stimulated luminescence dates table
- **Shawleretal_OSLAges2020_FullReport:** Optically stimulated luminescence report

FILES ARE AVAILABLE AT: <https://doi.org/10.25773/53bv-4p15>

Keywords

Barrier island, lagoon, sediment core, grain size, optically stimulated luminescence, radiocarbon, Assateague Island, Chincoteague Island, Wallops Island, Tom's cove

Associated Publications

Shawler, J.L., Hein, C.J., Obara, C., Robbins, M.R., Hout, S. and Fenster, M.S. 2021. The effect of coastal landform development on decadal- to millennial-scale longshore sediment fluxes: Evidence from the Holocene evolution of the central mid-Atlantic coast, USA, *Quaternary Science Reviews* *IN REVISION*

ORCID Identifiers

Justin Shawler ORCID id: 0000-0002-8695-5566

Christopher Hein ORCID id: 0000-0002-4990-9405

Sebastien Huot ORCID id: 0000-0003-1335-8485

Funding

This research was supported by funds from the Commonwealth of Virginia and the Virginia Center for Innovative Technology. This dataset was prepared by Justin Shawler using Federal funds under NOAA award number NA18OAR4170083, Virginia Sea Grant College Program Project #721557, from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) National Sea Grant College Program, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The statements, findings, conclusions, and recommendations are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Center for Innovative Technology, Virginia Sea Grant, NOAA, or the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Recommended Citation

Shawler, Justin L., Hein, Christopher J., Obara, Chloe et al. " The effect of coastal landform development on decadal- to millennial-scale longshore sediment fluxes: Evidence from the Holocene evolution of the central mid-Atlantic coast, USA - Sediment Core and Chronology Data" (2021). Data. William & Mary. <https://doi.org/10.25773/53bv-4p15>