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Clam Strain Registry

Aquaculture genetics & breeding technology

Tom Gallivan and Stan Allen Aquaculture Genetics and Breeding Technology Center Virginia Institute of Marine Science



WILLIAM& MARY WILLIAM& MARY VIRGINIA INSTITUTE OF MARINE SCIENCE SCHOOL OF MARINE SCIENCE

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Clam Strain Registry

Introduction

In 1998 the Aquaculture Genetics and Breeding Technology Center (ABC) at the Virginia Institute of Marine Science initiated the first phase of the Clam Breeding Project (CBP). The goal of CBP is to develop useful strains of hard clam, *Mercenaria mercenaria*, for the growing hard clam industry. The Clam Strain Registry is a product of the first phase of CBP. (See Clam Breeding Project mission statement.) Our goal eventually is to produce an annual ABC Hard Clam Brood Stock Catalog full of data on the performance of various lines in industry settings. (For example, see "2002 Hard Clam Brood Stock Catalog." on page 5.) Development of the Registry was funded by Virginia Sea Grant project development funds and ABC.



The Clam Strain Registry sprung from the need to know more about stocks that already have been developed through years of industry effort. In fact, everywhere hard clams are cultured,

domestication is slowly marching on. Some of these domestication efforts have been more intentional than others. Even the most inadvertent domestication usually drives the performance of clams toward some endpoint that is perceived as beneficial to aquaculture. Therefore it is interesting to peruse the list of traits that have been emphasized by the users themselves.

Most of the data were collected by personal contacts made by Gallivan in his travels of the East Coast. Far more information was collected than is included here. Some of the information we deemed proprietary or site or situation specific; we have chosen to omit it. There was also a significant body of information exchanged relating to general *Mercenaria* culture. We sincerely thank these Industry Partners who took the time to share this with us.

Besides gathering the information for the Registry, the objective of Phase I of CBP was to acquire some of these stocks for further testing. Again, we are grateful to those Industry Partners who graciously provided brood stock - they range from Florida to Massachusetts. How did we decide



which ones to evaluate and which ones not? We didn't. Members of the Virginia hard clam industry decided.

In 1999 ABC spawned nine clam lines in our hatchery located at the Eastern Shore Laboratory of VIMS. These lines have been planted on Industry Partner grounds primarily in Virginia for the time being. They will be tested head-to-head to evaluate the most promising lines for further breeding efforts. Through CBP we hope to define and refine strains continually, while extending the body of data on their performance across environments. The Hard Clam Brood Stock Catalog would then be a compendium of data about various lines from which industry might choose those that perform well in their locale. This is common practice in agriculture. We have a long way to go before we reach the level of sophistication in modern day agriculture. We must start with baby steps.

A selective breeding program requires an incredible amount of resources. ABC intends to commit a significant portion of its own resources to the CBP, in particular the technical aspects. But ultimately, the future of the CBP relies not only on industry cooperation but also participation. So far industry participation has been enthusiastic. Hard clam culturists appreciate the analogies made with their counterparts in agriculture. You need only drive along any rural section of America to see marked

test plots for corn, soybeans, wheat, or cotton. These test plots are intermingled with production crops for direct, on-site comparison. We aspire to this model. So if you see an ABC logo with cryptic acronyms, like MV99-x or ALC00-1, posted in the top of a piling, stuck into the mud on some coastal site, know that it is one or more of our test stocks and could one day be listed as a variety for you to ponder for this year's crop.



Clam Breeding Project "Building a Better Clam"

Project Mission Statement

The Clam Breeding Project (CBP) will facilitate the development of Virginia Mercenaria mercenaria aquaculture by applying needed genetic breeding practices to this growing industry. The project will evaluate the industrial value of currently available Mercenaria stocks and maintain the best of these. Controlled selective breeding and performance assessment of strains under various environmental conditions will provide the basis for farmers to select among a variety of clam strains.

The CBP will continue the mutually beneficial relationship between VIMS, the Aquaculture Genetics and Breeding Technology Center (ABC), and Virginia's hard clam industry while aiming to bring cultured *Mercenaria* on par with it's agricultural counterparts.

Phase I

The first phase of this project will create a registry of *Mercenaria* strains available to the Virginia aquaculture industry. The registry will describe all strains of *Mercenaria* of potential use to the Virginia aquaculture industry. This phase will establish relationships between ABC investigators and aquaculture industry partners.

Phase II

The second phase of this project will evaluate a sub-set of brood stocks in head to head trials. Selection of strains was conducted from information obtained in Phase I and Virginia Industry Partner subjective input. Brood stock were obtained from Industry Partners and spawned in the ABC Hatchery located at VIMS Eastern Shore Lab in Wachapreague. After culture in commercial field conditions by the project's Industry Partners, ABC will evaluate performance of individual strains and convey this information to Industry Partners. Phase II will be a continuous effort marked by the maintenance of individual strains and the inclusion of novel strains of *Mercenaria* as they become available.

Phase III

The ultimate objective is that of Phase III. CBP will create clam strains that perform well under various commercial conditions in Virginian waters. The testing program can be extended to growers



in other clam producing states through collaborative arrangements with other groups. The wider the testing program using common, genetically distinct strains, the more useful CBP becomes. Incorporation of intra and inter-strain selective breeding of the strains identified in Phase II will ultimately "build a better clam" for the aquaculture industry.

A continuing product of this Clam Breeding Project will be the "Hard Clam Brood Stock Catalog" analogous to current seed catalogs in agriculture. This catalog will report the environmental regime under which maximum performance of a strain was obtained and will allow the industry to select ABC brood stock accordingly.



Acknowledgments

Aquaculture Genetics and Breeding Technology Center Virginia Sea Grant VIMS Marine Advisory Service



2004 Hard Clam Brood Stock Catalog

Aquaculture Genetics and Breeding Technology Center

Line 22 Performance Evaluation

General Information:

Line 22 is a second-generation ABC selectively bred line. The performance goal for this line is rapid growth in moderate salinity in the Virginia and North Carolina region.

Coloration:

Line 22 has approximately 70% *Notata* marking; background color is generally white to very light brown. This coloration is also subject to environmental influences.

Growth Rate:

Line 22 is the third fasting growing line of the six lines ABC is offering this year overall. However, it is the fastest growing line in the lower mid-Atlantic lower salinity locations (\sim 20-ppt.).

Climate Performance:

Line 22 was derived from Southern brood stock and is not recommended for grow-out North of Maryland. It is well suited for the southern Mid-Atlantic region. Growth of Line 22 in Florida was not as fast as Florida derived brood stock. (See ABC Line 25 information.)

Salinity Performance:

Line 22 has out-performed all other lines in <20ppt-salinity regime during the 2000-2002 grow-out.

Disease resistance:

Line 22 was found to have light QPX infections in higher salinity locations in New Jersey and Massachusetts. Since Line 22 is selected for lower salinity regions where QPX is absent, this should not concern growers in these areas.

Recommendations:

ABC is pleased with Line 22 thus far. Line 22 is best suited for lower salinity areas in Virginia and North Carolina. All of ABC's lower salinity test sites were in sheltered bays or lower river mouths that are low energy environments. Site specific factors should be considered among lower salinity regimes.







Industry Partners

Pemaquid Oyster Company

Carter Newell & Chris Davis RFD# 1 Box 149 Damariscotta, ME 04543 (207) 563-8440 carter@lincoln.midcoast.com

Chris Davis - contact P.O. Box 302 Waldoboro, ME 04572 (207) 832-6067 - office (207) 529-4460 - hatchery



Type of Company:	Hatchery, seed sales, grow-out
Strain(s) Maintained:	Wild Maine clams
Number of Generations of Selection:	One
Traits Selected For:	Growth
Other Desired Traits:	Cold tolerance, growth, and disease resistance
Comments:	Pemaquid Oyster is entering its third hatchery season after a number of years of oyster grow out in the Damariscotta River. They are interested in developing seed markets for hard clams in addition to their current oyster seed sales.

Aquaculture Research Corporation

Richard A. Kraus Aquaculture Research Corporation P.O. Box 2028 Dennis, MA 02638 (508) 385-3933 (508) 385-3935 Fax



Type of Company:	Hatchery, seed sales,
	grow out

Strain(s) Maintained: ARC

Number of Generations

of Selection:Since 1974, one stock has been maintained. Original stocks came from
a mixture of three stocks:
I) Wild stock from Wellfleet and Chatham on Cape Cod, MA2) Wild stock from New Jansey
a stock frow New Jansey
a stock from New Jansey
a st

- 2) Wild stocks from New Jersey coast3) Wild stocks from Virginia from Burton Brothers Seafood,
- Chincoteague VA (Notata stock)

Traits Selected For: 80% Notata marking Growth rate

Comments: ARC is one of the "founding fathers" of the clam culture industry in the United States culturing clams for over 20 years. It is for this reason most of the other stocks listed in this registry have some ARC mixed in at one time during their development. ARC has pointed out that growth rate seems to plateau in their selection after 5-6 generations but no deterioration in performance (inbreeding) has been noticed over 20 years.

This brood stock is included in the 1999 Clam Breeding Project.



Martha's Vineyard Shellfish Group

Richard C. Karney Martha's Vineyard Shellfish Group Inc. P.O. Box 1552 Oak Bluffs, MA (508) 693-0391



Strain(s) Maintained: Vineyard Notata Cross

Number of Generations

Type of Company:

of Selection:I 5 Years of selectionOriginal brood stock came from:I) 1980 ARC clams (Notata)2) Local clams3) North Carolina stock

Public stock enhancement

Each year they use brood stock dug from seeded public beds and use approximately 80% *Notata* and 20% wild clams for their spawns.

Traits Selected For: Fast growth, Notata as a gauge of stocking efficiency

- Other Desired Traits:Purple shell color for the wampum jewelry industry.
Thick shells
Disease resistance to QPX
Good shelf life
- Comments:MVSG has seen some negative effects of their brood stock selection,
which include thin shells on the fast growing Notata and less purple
coloration for the wampum jewelry industry.

This brood stock is included in the 1999 Clam Breeding Project.



BluePoints Co., Inc.

Craig Strong & Stanley Czyzyk P.O. Box 8 West Sayville, NY 11796 (516) 589-0123 (516) 589-1096 Fax

Type of Company:

Strain(s) Maintained:



Number of Generations Since 1964 of Selection: Fast growth, Notata, ability to tolerate variable environment Traits Selected For: **Other Desired Traits:** Disease resistance, faster growth BluePoints is where much of the early work on clam culture was **Comments:** conducted in the United States by William Firth Wells in the 1920's and later Joseph Glancy in the 1960's. They have had a long standing breeding program selecting for fast growth and Notata coloration. In recent years, they have "de-selected" their brood stock because of high environmental variability on their 13,000 acres of leased bottom in Great South Bay, NY. It is thought that heterozygosity in the brood stock will better accommodate the heterogeneity in the environment.

Hatchery, Nursery,

BluePoints Line

This brood stock is included in the 1999 Clam Breeding Project.



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Suffolk County Marine Environmental Learning Center

Greg Rivara Suffolk County Marine Env. Learn. Center Cornell University Cooperative Extension 3690 Cedar Beach RD Southhold, NY 11971 (516) 852-8660 (516) 852-8662 fax grivara@cce.cornell.edu



Type of Company:	Research/Public Resource Enhancement
Strain(s) Maintained:	Suffolk County Marine Environmental Learning Center Line
Number of Generations of Selection:	2-3 generations of <i>Notata</i> selection originating from FM Flowers brood stock (Oyster Bay, NY)
Traits Selected For:	Notata, fast growth
Other Desired Traits:	Thick shells, QPX resistance
Comments:	The majority of commercial clam culture on Long Island is done sub- tidally with no predation nets and is harvested via mechanical dredge. For this reason selection of thick shells are important so that breakage is minimized during harvest and handling.

Robert I. Parrino 5 Jacqueline Drive Manorville, NY 11949 (516) 878-6951 ShminiP@aol.com	
Type of Company:	Hatchery, Nursery, Grow-out, and Seed Sales
Strain(s) Maintained:	I derived from 100 FM Flowers (Oyster Bay, NY) cherrystones
Number of Generations of Selection:	0
Traits Selected For:	Fast growth, Notata
Other Desired Traits:	Thick shells
Comments:	Paradise Point Oyster farm is a fully integrated company which pro- duces seed in it's own hatchery for grow-out and seed sales. They also produce oyster seed and scallops for the seed market.

Paradise Point Oyster Farms Inc.

Mathis & Mathis

George Mathis Jr. RD. #2 T-11 Leektown Road Egg Harbor, NJ 08215 (609) 296-7026



Type of Company:	Hatchery, grow-out	- J	$\langle \cdot \rangle$
Strain(s) Maintained:	Mathis		
Number of Generations of Selection:	3		
Traits Selected For:	Fast growth, Notata		
Other Desired Traits:	QPX tolerance		
Comments:	George Mathis is a partner in an S-k provided 1999 Clam Breeding Proje from this activity will be included in Catalog.	K funded QPX p ect lines for this the 2001 Hard (roject. ABC has research. Data Clam Brood Stock

Great Bay Hatchery

Great Bay matchery			
Richard Beckley Jr & Sr. and I #1 12th Street North	Don Reighn	B-A-	
Brigantine Island, NJ 08215 (609) 266-4380 Hatchery		NJ	
Type of Company:	Hatchery and grow out		
Strain(s) Maintained:	Great Bay/Beckley strain		
Number of Generations			
of Selection:	5 generations of selection	_	
	Brood stock originally from a mixture of:		
) Elwood Bayer's Coastal Zone hatchery in Moorhead City, NC 1975		
	3) 1974 F.M. Flowers clams from Long Island, NY		
	In 1987 some Cherrystone Aquafar been in the selection process for 3 y other commercial lines added since	ms, VA clams were added and have generations. There have been no 1987.	
	Each season 10-20% wild clams wit brood stock.	h sharp "beaks" are added into the	
Traits Selected For:	Fast growth, survival to market size		
Other Desired Traits:	Shelf life, QPX resistance		
Comments:	The primary grow out area for Grea which is a sandy mud substrate. Thi <i>Mercenaria</i> aquaculture industry.	at Bay Hatchery is in Dry Bay, NJ s is the center of the New Jersey	
	Each spawn consists of approximate Females are spawned separately in to each individual to ensure represe	ely 50 females and 50 males. dishes and pooled sperm is added entation of all the spawned animals.	

This brood stock is included in the 1999 Clam Breeding Project.



Cherrystone Aquafarms

Cherrystone Aquafar	ms	
Dr. Mike Pierson Cherrystone Aquafarms P.O. Box 347 Cheriton, VA 23316 (757) 331-1208 (757) 331-4366 fax		VA VA
Type of Company:	Hatchery, Nursery and Grow out	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$
Strain(s) Maintained:	Cherrystone Aquafarms This line was derived aln	Line nost entirely from 1985 ARC brood stock
Number of Generations of Selection:	Selection since 1985, 6 g	enerations
Traits Selected For:	Fast growth, uniform gro	owth and survival
Other Desired Traits:	Disease resistance, mid-salinity performance	
Comments:	Cherrystone Aquafarms lines since 1985 and four wild and previous VIMS-	has tested a number of different brood stock nd their ARC derived line out-performs both derived lines.

J.C. Walker Brothers

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J.C. Walker Brothers			\sim
Tom & Wade Walker J.C. Walker Brothers 100 Main Street, Box 10 (4509 Willis Wharf Road Fed Willis Wharf, VA 23486 (757) 442-6000	Ex)		VA
Type of Company:	Hatchery, nursery, Grow-out	$\langle \rangle$	
Strain(s) Maintained:	I Walker Line that was deri	ved from local Sea	side clams.
Number of Generations of Selection:	Selection process has occur	red for 15 years.	
Traits Selected For:	Growth and survival		
Other Desired Traits:	None listed		
Comments:	J.C. Walker Brothers is a ful business since 1985. J.C. Wa for the Clam Breeding Proje	lly integrated com alker Brothers wil ect.	pany which has been in I provide grow-out sites

Middle Peninsula Aquaculture/ Mobjack Bay Seafood

Ken Kurkowski & John Vigliotta Middle Peninsula Aquaculture P.O. Box 769 North, VA 23128 (804) 725-0159



Type of Company:	Hatchery, Nursery, Grow-out, Seed Sales
Strain(s) Maintained:	Mobjack Bay
Number of Generations of Selection:	2
	Brood stock derived from

Brood stock derived from a mixture of Mook Sea Farm, Bagwell Enterprises, Cherrystone, and Bayfarm NJ stocks that preformed well in the Mobjack Bay area.

This strain represents the first effort to select a line of Mercenaria that

will perform well in low salinity under commercial conditions.

- Traits Selected For:Low salinity toleranceFast Growth
- Other Desired Traits:
- Comments:

This brood stock is included in the 1999 Clam Breeding Project.

Low salinity performance

Shelf life



Bagwell Enterprises

Yvonne Bagwell P.O. Box 508 Smith Beach Road Eastville, VA 23347 (757) 678-5806 Clammom@esva.net	VA VA
Type of Company:	Hatchery, Nursery
,, , ,	Grow-out and Seed Sales
Strain(s) Maintained:	Bagwell Line Brood stock line was derived from a mixture of: 1.) VIMS 2.) Wild Virginia Seaside 3.) Cherrystone 4.) 1987 Dave Monte/Mercenaria Manufacturing
Number of Generations of Selection:	Selection since 1987
Traits Selected For:	Notata, Fast growth, Mid-salinity tolerance
Other Desired Traits:	
Comments:	

Carolina Cultured Shellfish

Carolina Cultured Sh	cilibil	
Carolina Cultured Shellfish Guthery Street Harper's Island, NC (919) 728-1411		
Type of Company:	Nursery	NC NC
Strain(3) Maintaineu.		
Number of Generations of Selection:	8 years of brood stock main	tenance
	The Brood stock was derive 1) Local clams 2) VIMS 3) Mook/Bob-Baldwin 4) Cherrystone Aquafarms	d from the following sources:
Traits Selected For:	Fast growth	
Other Desired Traits:		
Comments:	Carolina Cultured has select from its growing operation t hatcheries.	ed 3 generations of fast growing clams hat were spawned by various private

Atlantic Farms

Mr. Colden Battey Atlantic Farms P.O. Box 12139 Charleston, SC 29422 (803) 762-0022 (803) 795-6672		SC >
Type of Company:	Hatchery, Seed sales and Grow-out	
Strain(s) Maintained:	 ARC- from topnecks purchase ALC- originating from first gen line FlaSEM- Indian River Lagoon, (Sebastian FL) Fla Cedar Key West coast of Animals are spawned as groups a rately as possible. 	d from ARC in late 1980's leration of a South Carolina selected Florida Sembler & Sembler Florida (mix of HBOI stock) nd maintained in nursery as sepa-
Number of Generations of Selection:	3 generations of selection on the the Florida lines as needed.	ALC and Florida clams are added to
Traits Selected For:	Fast Growth, 50-60% Notata	
Other Desired Traits:	Faster growth	
Comments:	Atlantic Farms, formerly Atlantic facilities on the East Coast with m techniques. They maintain two m lina: a 400-acre site in the Charles Beaufort area. The clams are plan They are a major seed supplier to grow out operations in addition t	Littlenecks, has one of the largest nany innovative nursery and grow-out najor grow-out sites in South Caro- ston area and a 350-acre site in the nted in muddy substrate intertidally. o Florida, Virginia, and New Jersey o their own grow-out.

Γ

ALC brood stock is included in the 1998 Clam Breeding Project.



MRRI

Nancy Hadley MRRI P.O. Box 12559 Charleston, SC 29422-2559 (803) 762-5022 HadleyN@cofc.edu



Type of Company:	Research		
Strain(s) Maintained:	SC strain	<u>~</u>	
Number of Generations of Selection:	Three generations of selection on FXC line		
Traits Selected for:	Notata, fast growth		
Other Desired Traits:	None listed		
Comments:	MRRI had maintained a selective breeding program for hard clams in the early 1990's. They had a Florida line (FL) from 1988 and a second generation South Carolina (SC) line which they crossed together in 1989. From this they created a FXC line on which 3 generations of further selection was conducted. This was the last effort of their breeding program. This brood stock is used by Atlantic Farms and Low Country Seafood and other industry members.		

Low Country Seafood

Low Country Seatood			
Bob Baldwin Low Country Seafood McClellanville, SC 29458 (803) 887-3389 Icsf@awod.com			
		SC SC	
Type of Company:	Nursery, Grow-out	$\square \setminus \square \setminus \square$	
Strain(s) Maintained:	Baldwin line		
Number of Generations of Selection:	4 generations of selection since 1989.		
	Original line was derived from M selected Florida X South Carolin: 30-40 brood stock clams are sen Maine for spawning each year.	RRI that was a third generation a cross done in 1993. (See MRRI) t to Mook Sea Farm in Damariscotta,	
Traits Selected For:	Fast Growth, Notata, round shell shape		
Other Desired Traits:	Uniformity in growth (especially to 20mm) Shelf Life		
Comments:	Low Country Seafood uses a unique grow-out system consisting of 4' X 8'wooden pressure treated trays made of 1.0 grade pressure treated wood stacked 3 high on racks. Nursery trays are covered with window screen and grow-out trays are filled with #789 crushed limestone. These racks are placed on the bottom in areas where 1-2 knot currents exist.		
	In using this grow-out system, Lo some performance variation in so example, New Jersey selected so grows and ARC seed seems to b	ow Country Seafood has also found eed from different hatcheries. For eed appears to elongate in shape as it e uniform in growth.	

Skidaway Marine Lab

Randy Walker, Dorset Hurley Skidaway Marine Lab The University of Georgia Marine Extension Service Shellfish Research Laboratory P.O. Box 13687 Savannah, GA 31416 (912) 598-2348



Type of Company:	Research Hatchery	
Strain(s) Maintained:	Georgia line	
Number of Generations of Selection:	2-3	
Traits Selected For:	Fast growth, no Notata	
Other Desired Traits:	None listed	
Comments:	Shellfish Aquaculture Lab researchers I selection program to increase growth third generation, the program has doce	have established a genetic rates in quahogs. Already in its umented a 10% increase.
	They are also working on the non-native northern surf clam which has shown excellent potential for development as an aquacultural species. While this clam will not survive the high temperatures typical of Georgia waters during summer months, it does exhibit rapid growth rates when planted in fall and harvested in spring. Seed clams (6 to 10 mm in length) may attain 50-60 mm size in six months, which is com- parable to two years' growth in their natural northern habitat.	

Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute

Dr. David Vaughn Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute 5600 US I North Fort Pierce, FL 34946 (407) 465-2400



 Type of Company:
 Hatchery, Research, seed sales

Strain(s) Maintained: HBOI Strain

Number of Generations 8-9 of Selection: This brood stock was derived from Notata Indian River, and possibly some northern stock mixed in from Paul Chanley's brood stock from Indian River Mariculture. **Traits Selected For:** Notata, fast growth, and high survival **Other Desired Traits:** Shelf life, less Notata (too red) Recently Harbor Branch will begin using some white (non-Notata) **Comments:** males to decrease the deep red color in its seed. They are concerned market size product might be confused with Mahogany clams. 150-200 animals are used per spawn and they spawn 50 weeks of the year. Clams in the Cedar Key, FL area, which is Harbor Branch's main

market, grow to market size in as little as 10 months.

This brood stock is included in the 1999 Clam Breeding Project.



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Other Industry Partners

Moonstone Oysters

Dr. Robert Rheault Spatco, Ltd. 264 Foddering Farm Road Narragansett, RI 02882 (401) 783-3360 oysters@ids.com

Former hatchery operation which now grows American oysters, scallops, and hard clams in Rhode Island. Dr. Rheault is the President of the Rhode Island Aquaculture Association.

Aeros Cultured Oyster Company

Karen Eno 41 Heathcote Ct. Shirley, NY 11967 (516) 281-0679 Keeno@juno.com

Hatchery, Nursery, Seed sales

Aeros is a hatchery primarily producing American oyster and scallop seed for seed sales. Aeros nurseries small *Mercenaria* seed in upwellers to plantable size seed for growers.

Tommy's Seafood

A. Thomas Leggett, Jr P.O. Box 412 Wicomico, VA 23184 (804) 642-2240

This grower of hard clams, in the lower York River, will provide one of the Virginia midsalinity sites for the Clam Breeding Project.

Folly Creek SeaFarm

Mike Steelman Folly Creek SeaFarm P.O. Box 910 25343 Oregon Drive Accomac, VA 23301 (757) 787-7251

Hatchery, nursery and grow-out.

Parramore Island Oyster Farm

Jeff Gardner Parramore Island Oyster Farm P.O. Box 142 Wachapreague, VA 23480 (401) 322-7280

Jeff Gardner grows American oysters, hard clams, and scallops on the Eastern Shore of Virginia and in Rhode Island.

H & R Seafood

Richard Riggin & Freddie Harris 4454 Seaside Road Exmore, VA 23350 (757) 442-6383

Growers of hard clams in the Hog Island Bay region that will provide a test site for the Clam Breeding Project.

Hooper Family Seafood

Mark Hooper P.O. Box 186 Smyrna, NC 28579 (919) 729-2521

Grower of hard clams and American oysters in North Carolina that will provide a test site for the Clam Breeding Project.

Bear Creek Shellfish

Jon Townson Bear Creek Shellfish 104 Fox Lane Hubert, NC 28539 (910) 326-1983

North Carolina hatchery and nursery that specializes in seed sales. They will participate in Clam Breeding Project.